# Intersectionality Matters! Mitigating Unconscious Bias and Unintended Racism in Behavioral Health Care

Sharon GE Washington, Ed.D., MPH

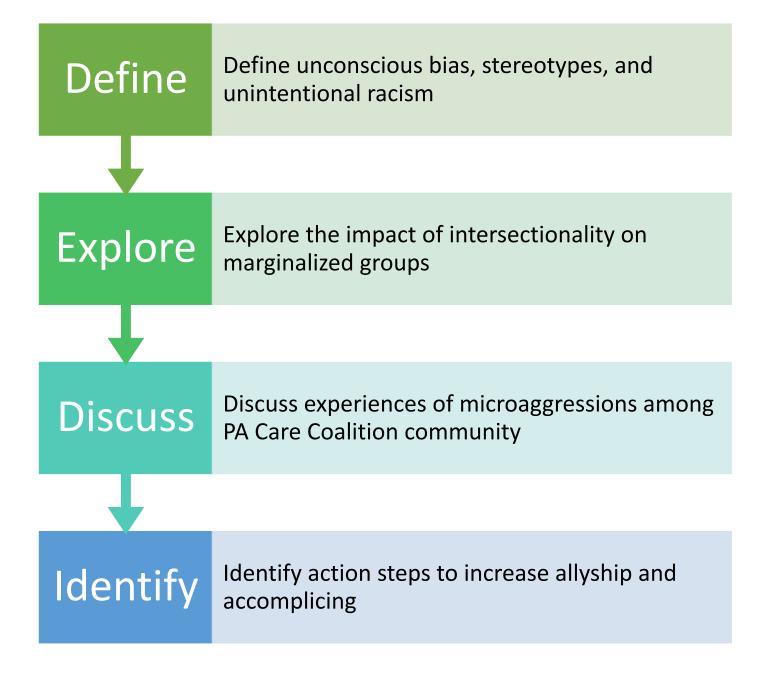
Founder & CEO

Sharon Washington Consulting, LLC

Presented to Pennsylvania Care Coalition

May 28, 2020

# Aims of Session



#### Instructions

- Download PowerPoint & handout
- Use handout throughout webinar
- During DISCUSSION slides, if you have feedback, RAISE HAND
- Full-screen your zoom to see charts
- If there is a term you don't understand, flag it in the chat box

#### Pennsylvania Care Coalition 2020 Webinar Serie

#### Intersectionality Matters! Mitigating Unconscious Bias & Unintended Racism in Behavioral Health Sharon GE Washington, Ed.D., MPH

How do you FEEL about the word bias?
At any given time, the brain filters information through the following before
information is absorbed:
a
b
c
d
What are the four types of racism/bias?
a
b
c
d
What are 3 identity categories for which you have little exposure, minimal knowledge,
blind spots, or stereotypes:
a
b
c
What are your thoughts about internalized/individual level identity and bias?
What aspects of your allyship need more development, training, or empowerment?

## Safe + Brave Space Agreements

- Love, compassion and respect
- Confidentiality
- Use of I-Statements
- Be open-minded
- Agree to disagree but seek understanding
- Don't stamp comments in time
- Appreciate each other's differences and backgrounds

- No judgement zone-we don't need to make conclusions
- Trust in the positive intentions of others and be accountable for impact
- Allow messy thoughts and offer constructive criticism
- Be willing to feel vulnerable
- Emotions are welcome here



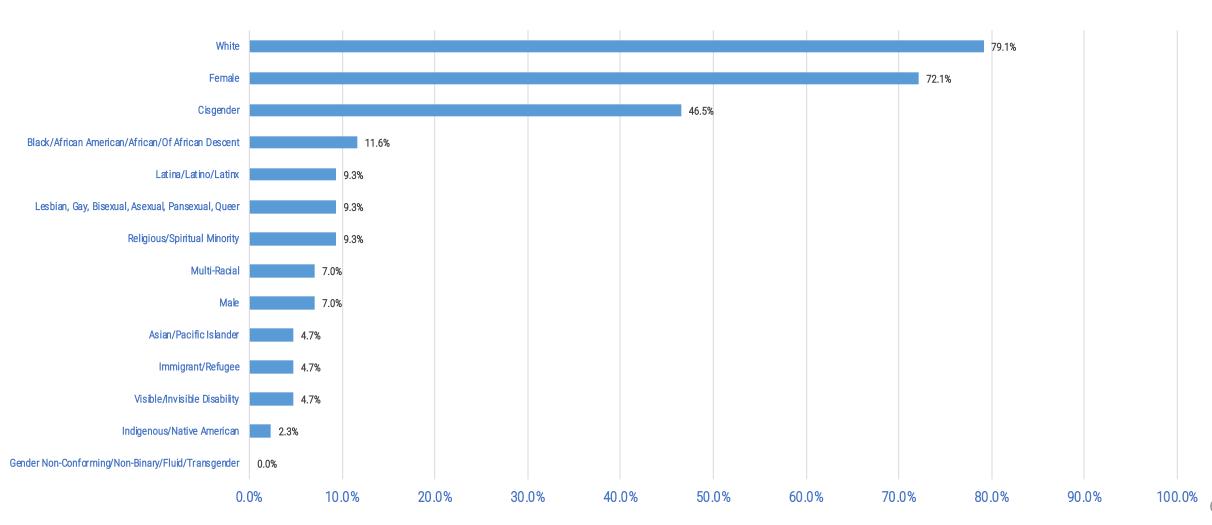
For sharing your experiences in our survey!

### PERSONAL CHARACTERISTICS

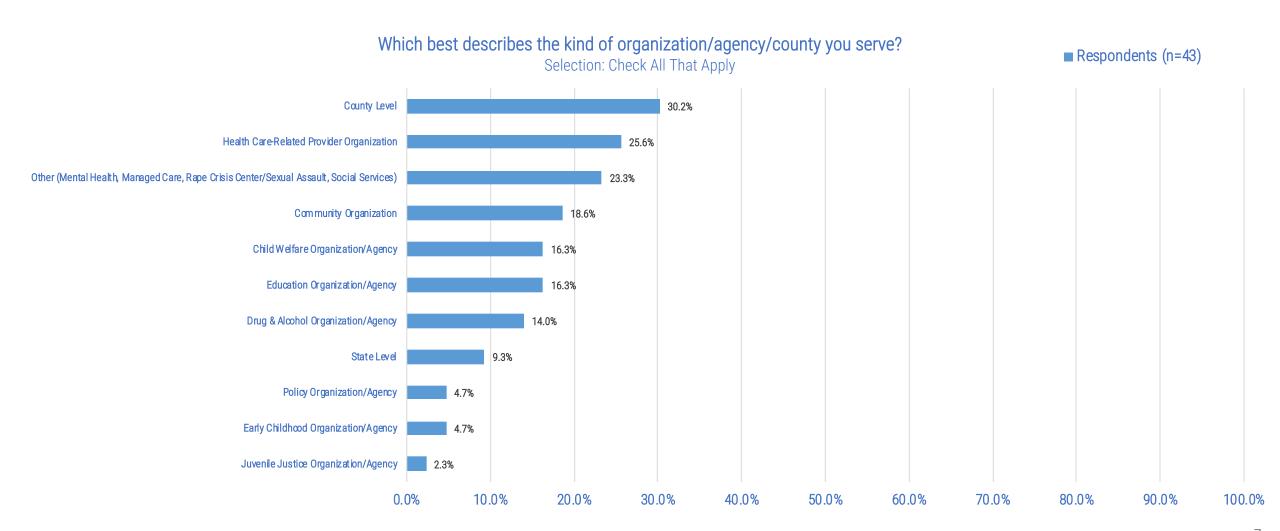
With which of the following do you identify?

Selection: Check All That Apply





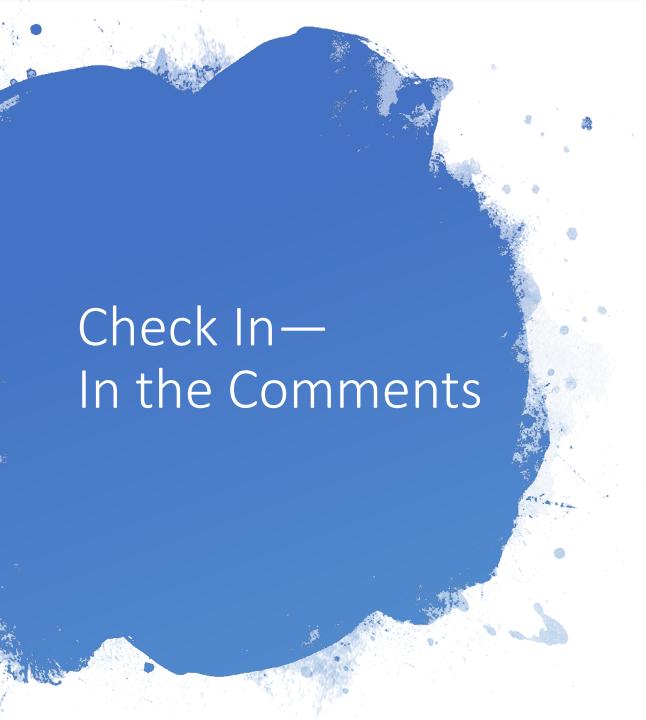
#### OTHER CHARACTERISTICS



#### OTHER CHARACTERISTICS







Share a word or two that reflects how you FEEL about the word bias?

- Is it negative?
- Positive?
- Do you feel defensive?

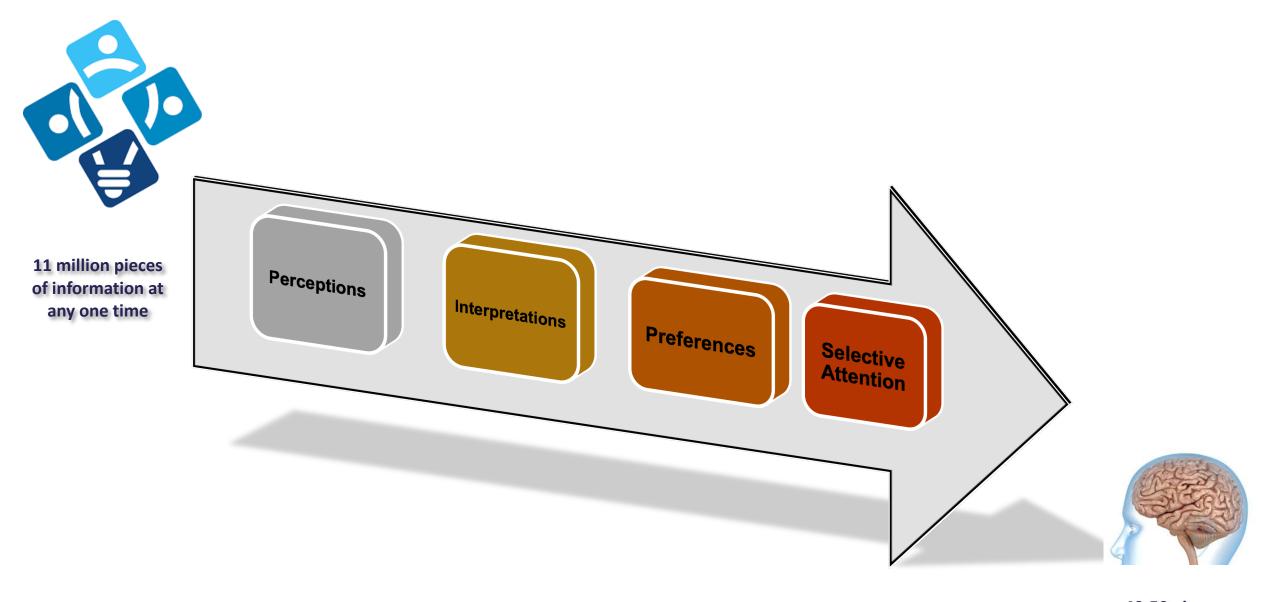
Share in the chat!

# Conscious: 10% Subconscious: 50% Unconscious: 40%

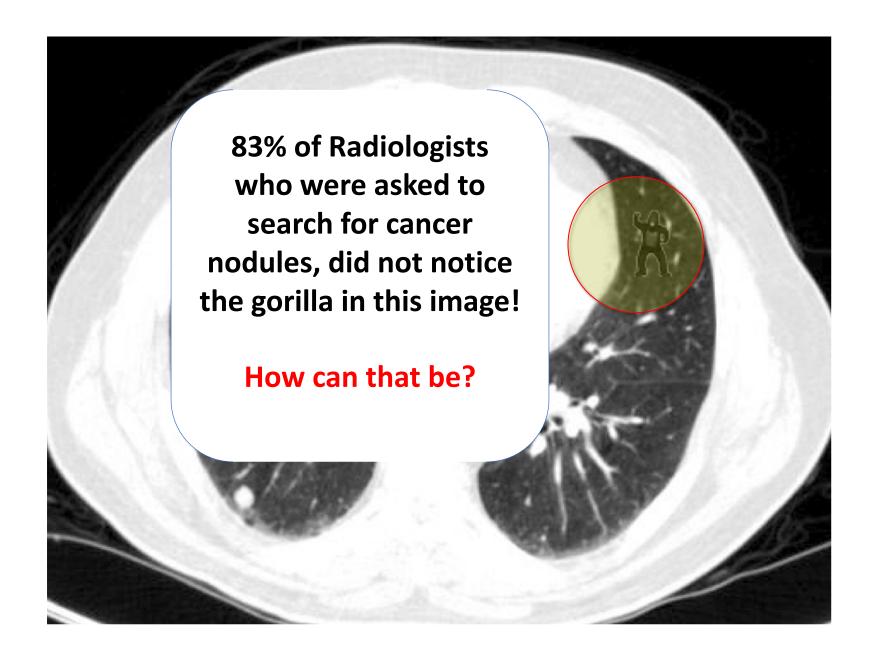
#### What is Bias?

Bias is a decision we make so quickly that it simply occurs to us as data; we don't know that we've actually taken in data points, interpreted them, and made meaning out of them.

Driven by the mechanism of the brain that operates on associations; it is an automatic response. (Cook Ross)



40-50 pieces of information get absorbed



## Don't Talk About...

Race
Religion
Money
Sex/Sexuality
Politics

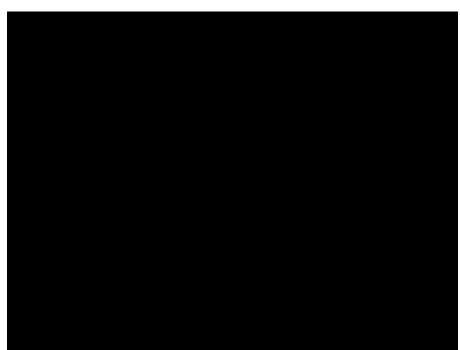


Unconscious Bias

Racial Stereotypes

> Unintended Racism





"Widely held but fixed and oversimplified image or idea of a particular type of person or thing"

(Oxford English Dictionary)

## Wait, What is Racism?

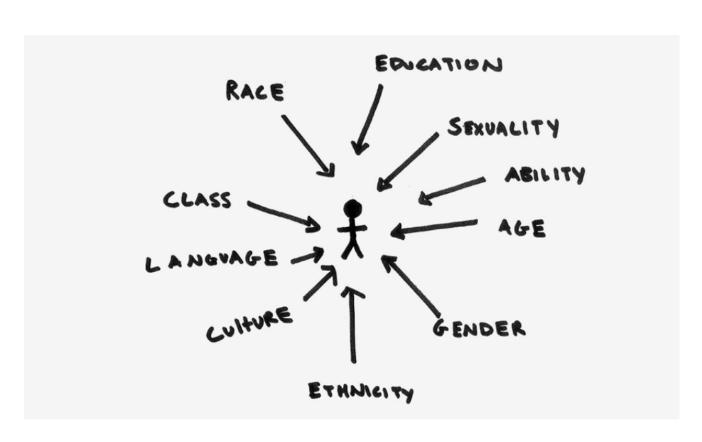
Internalized: the devaluing of one's own identity and culture according to societal norms

**Interpersonal**: the way in which we perpetuate racism on an individual basis.

**Institutionalized**: The way in which institutions perpetuate racism

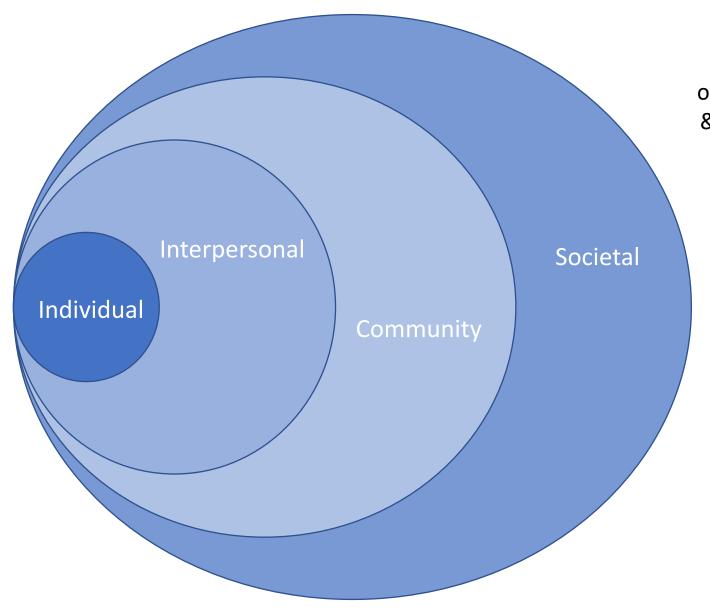
Structural: system of public policies, institutional practices, cultural representations, and other norms work in various, often reinforcing ways to perpetuate racial group inequity.

## Intersectionality (Crenshaw, 1989)



The intersecting effects of race, class, gender, and other marginalizing characteristics that contribute to social identity and affect health.

Image: <a href="https://www.cpedv.org/post/intersectionality-privilege-oppression-and-tactics-abuse">https://www.cpedv.org/post/intersectionality-privilege-oppression-and-tactics-abuse</a>



#### Individual

Personal, internalized or *intrapersonal* significance & power the person assigns to this identity

#### **Interpersonal**

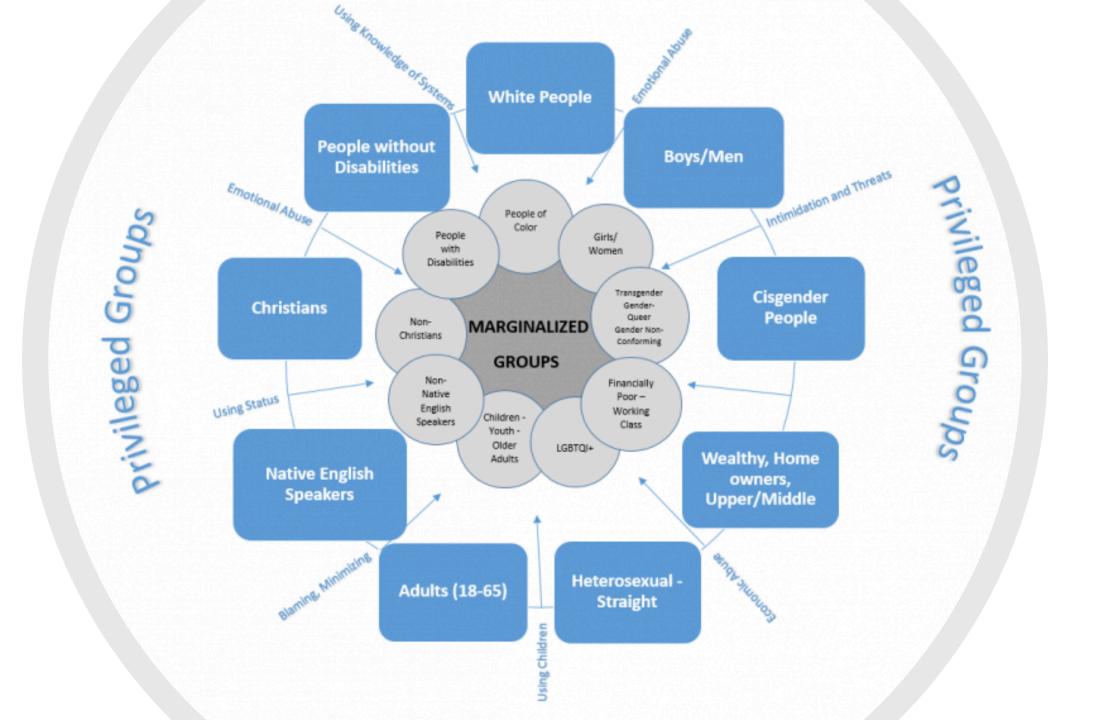
Exchanges involving experiences of discrimination or privilege

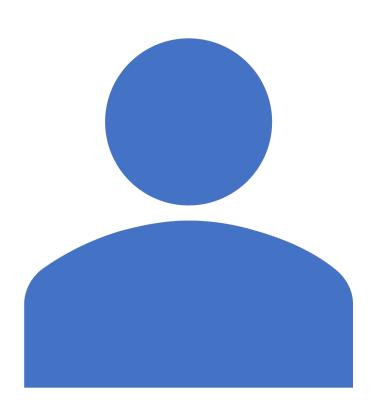
#### **Community**

Out-group status could increase risk of victimization in terms of crime, threats to civil liberties, or other identity-based trauma exposures

#### **Societal**

Structural inequalities in education, income, etc. associated with marginalized status





## Individual

How are youth and family members served defining, valuing, devaluing, or channeling their intersecting identities?

# Moment for Discussion

How do you observe or experience youth you serve valuing or devaluing their own identities?

How do they move between salient identities?

What stereotypes were you socialized into regarding the various identities that are being targeted among the youth?

What opportunities do you have to encourage or facilitate empowerment on an individual basis?



How do discriminatory experiences, microaggressions, and interpersonal trauma influence how youth develop, identify, and navigate these systems?

## RACIAL MICROAGGRESSIONS

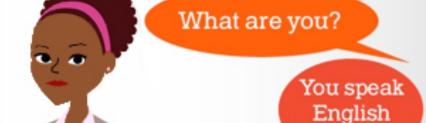
Where are you from? Where are you really from? No, where are you really really from?

You're not like other Muslim people.

You don't act like a normal Black person.

I hope we aren't sacrificing quality for diversity.

Why do you sound so White?



What do your people think about that?

Maybe you're being too sensitive everything is not about race.

so well.

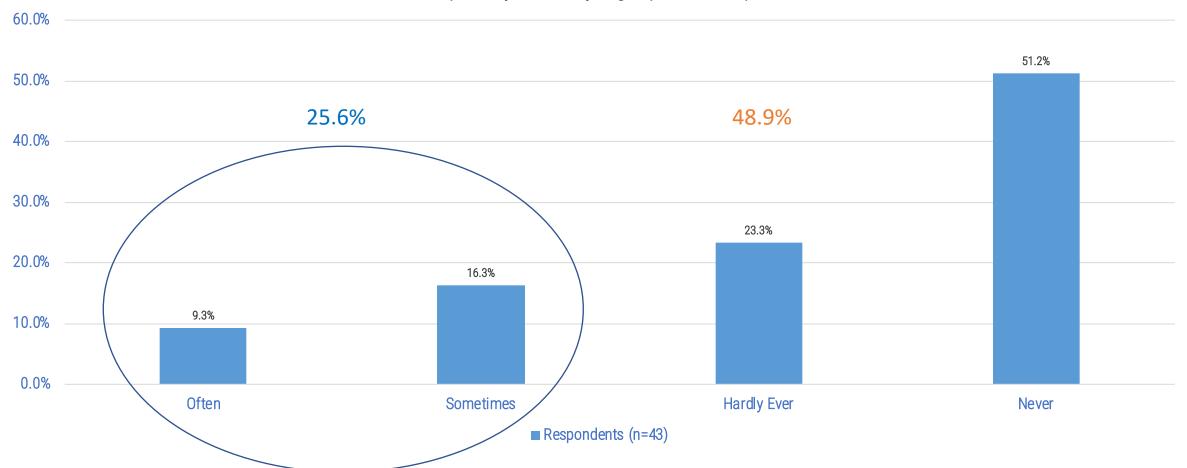
Your name
is too hard
to pronounce,
can I call
you Mary?

"Brief and commonplace daily verbal, behavioral, and environmental indignities, whether intentional or unintentional, that communicate hostile, derogatory, or negative racial, gender, sexualorientation, and religious slights and insults to the target person or group"

(Sue, 2010, p.5)

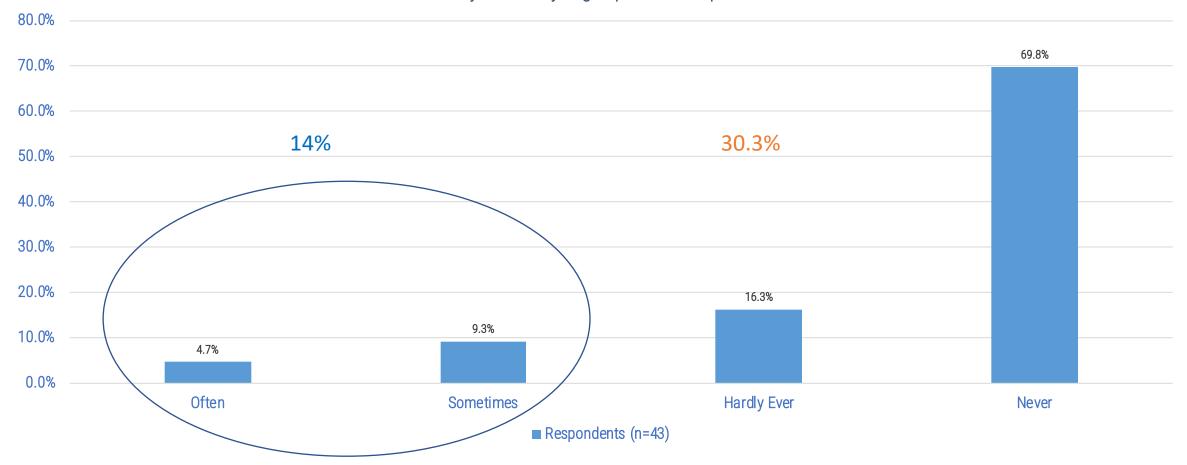
## FELT MARGINALIZED/VOICELESS

In the past year, how many times have YOU felt marginalized or voiceless within your organization/agency/county due to any aspect of your identity or group membership?



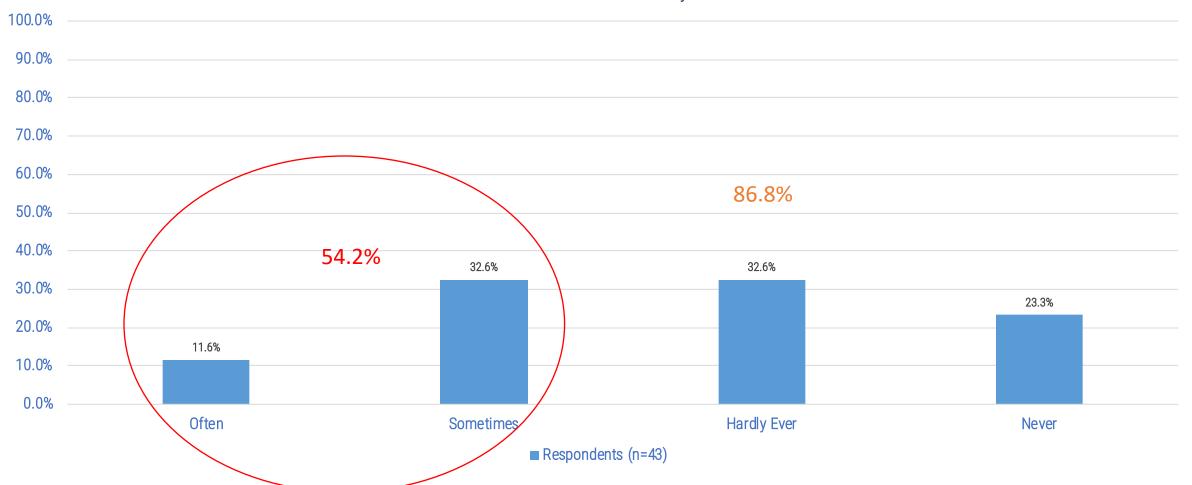
## FELT TARGETED/ATTACKED

In the past year, how many times have YOU felt targeted or attacked within your organization/agency/county due to any aspect of your identity or group membership?



#### WITNESSING INSENSITIVE REMARK

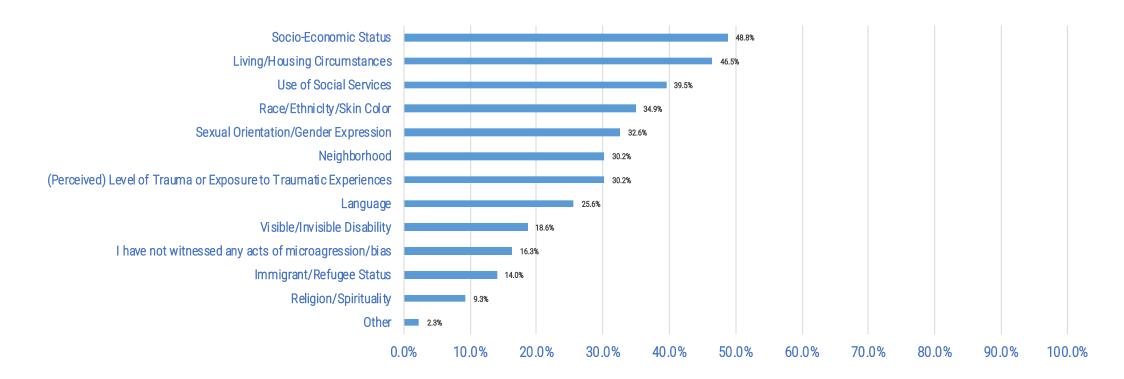
In the past year, how many times have you directly or indirectly witnessed a youth or their families being referred to in derogatory, insensitive or offensive ways?



### TARGET FOR INSENSITIVE REMARK

If you have witnessed microaggressions or bias against a youth or their family member/community, please identify the aspect(s) of their identity that were being targeted:

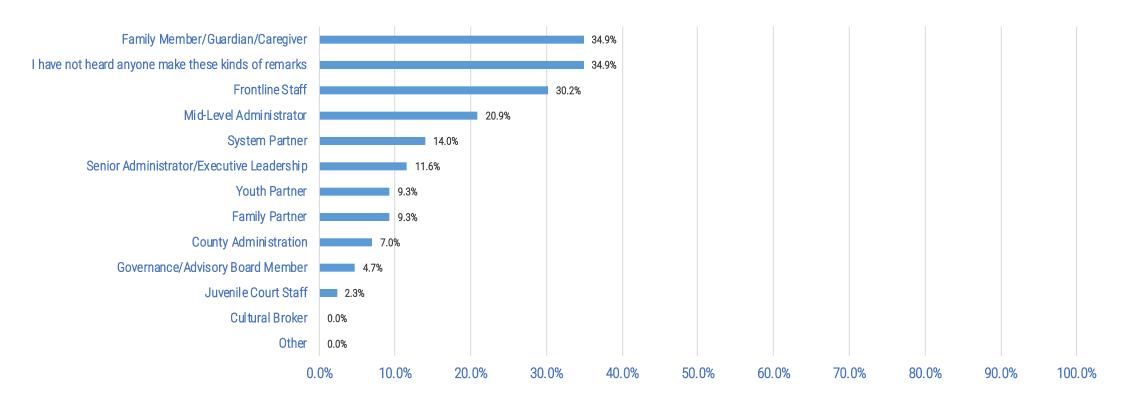
Selection: Check All That Apply



### SOURCES OF INSENSITIVE REMARK

In the last year, have you heard someone who identifies with any of the following roles/titles make an insensitive or disparaging remark about anyone based on their identity/experience?

Selection: Check All That Apply



## Themes of Microaggressions Experienced

## Minimizing or Devaluing

- Being put down as not capable based on where I live
- Opinions being minimized by males in power because I'm overweight.
- 'Not bad for a Mexican'
- Referred to as being 'less than' based on a diagnosed disability
- Perceived lack of competence due to age
- Referring to our clients as 'those people'
- ADHD is not a 'real' mental health disorder
- Families needs being minimized because of generational system involvement

## Racial & Cultural Stereotypes

- I was told that my country of origin (Latino country) was 'not a country that valued education'
- 'You've been in the school long enough to speak English'
- Assuming that because of a language barrier, the child was cognitively delayed

## Incarceration & Substance Use Stigma

- I have experienced some microaggressions involving my history of addiction and incarceration
- Judgement because of criminal record and/or SUD
- Comments are made against people who have 'drug issues'

#### Socioeconomic Stigma

- Clients being referred to as 'first of the month-ers'
- Using terms such as "lazy" and making assumptions based on race and socioeconomic status
- Comments about clients' socioeconomic status, where they live, cleanliness behind the clients' backs

#### **LGBTQ Stigma**

- Misgendering
- Coworkers have said they don't agree with some "lifestyles" (referring to LGBTQ+)



What has made it difficult to interrupt microaggressions you have witnessed?

How have you responded when you have been the TARGET of microaggression?

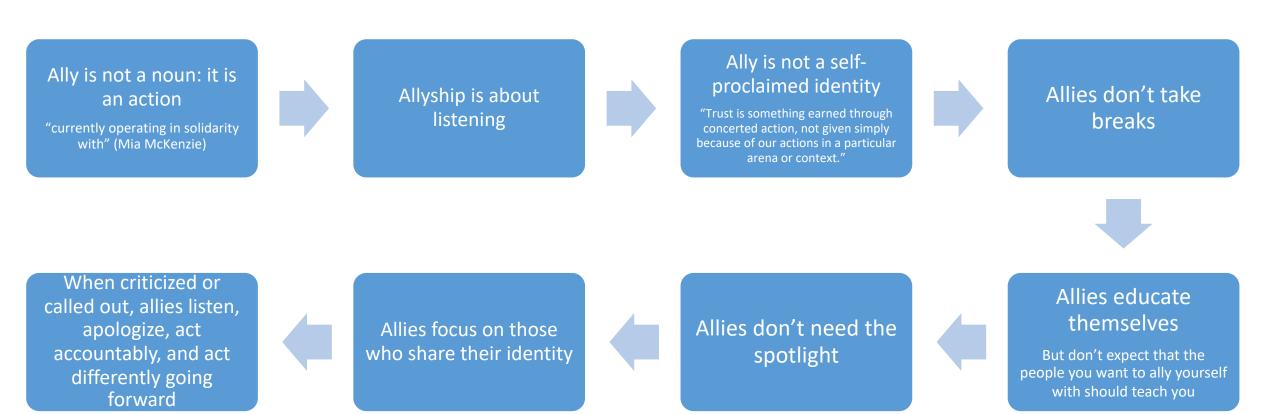
How have you responded when you have been "called in" for perpetuating a microaggression?



### **ALLYSHIP**

# Important Things an Ally Should Know

(Everyday Feminism Magazine)



# Potential Barriers to Allyship

For white folks and POCs

# Imposter Syndrome



### IMPOSTOR SYNDROME

Also known as impostor phenomenon or fraud syndrome.

### Impostor Syndrome:

High-achieving individuals are marked by an inability to internalize their accomplishments and a persistent fear of being exposed as a "fraud"...sound familiar?

more predominantly Han men FEAR OF FAILURE & ACHIEVERS IN CRIPPling Perfectionism ake common suffering with Impostor SyndRome



Remember this:

Your LITTLE MESSAGE is an important piece of the BIG PUZZLE!

www.witHakwRiting.com

## Stereotype threat

It happens when a person is in a situation where they are anxious that they may conform to a negative stereotype aimed at his or her social group.

Positive stereotypes, or success on previous memory tasks, can help combat this negativity.

# "That country [you come from] doesn't value education"

-They don't believe I'm intelligent, don't value my input or contributions

# "You've been in school long enough to speak English"

- -Speaking another language reflects a deficit, rather than an enhancement to one's cognitive ability.
- -Discredit the comfort and ability to articulate deepest feelings and experience in languages other than English.

# White Privilege

Having one's social identities NOT function as a barrier to opportunity, self-determination, or basic human rights.

### **Racial Privilege**

Unearned Benefits, Resources & Access



### **Power**

To shape the norms and values of society that Whites receive, tacitly or explicitly, by virtue of their position in a racist society

### **Chosen Segregation**

Ability to live and work among people of the same racial group as their own

# White Fragility

A state in which even a **minimum amount of racial stress** becomes **intolerable**, **triggering** a range of defensive moves.

These moves include the outward display of emotions such as **anger**, **fear**, **and guilt**, and behaviors such as **argumentation**, **silence**, **and leaving** the stress-inducing situation.

(DiAngelo, R., 2011)



# When You're "Called In"



Listen



Receive



Validate



Apologize



Change

## Moment for Discussion

- How do you experience these barriers to allyship and speaking up?
- What is difficult about having these barriers named?
- What does it feel like to name whiteness in this discussion?

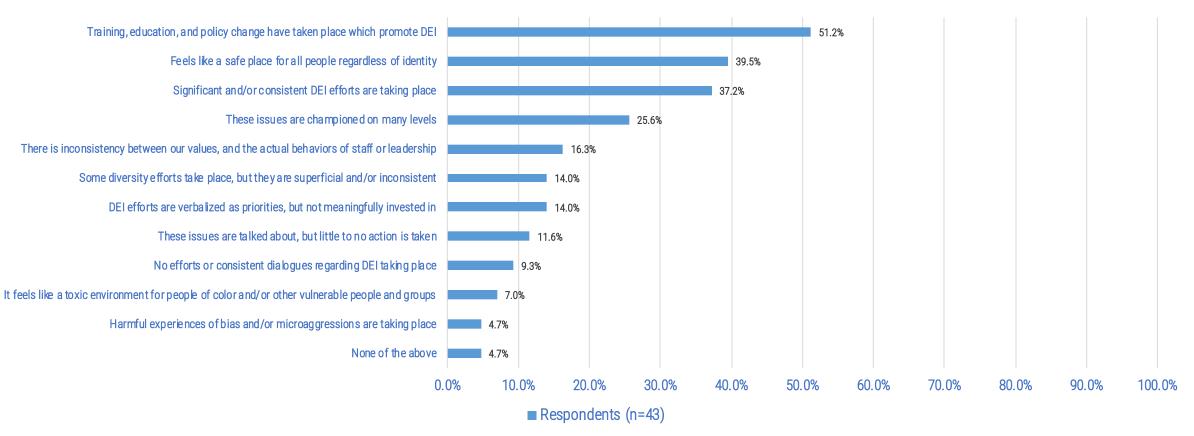


How do institutions shape youth development, promote inequities, promote harm, or cultivate resilience?

### ENGAGEMENT IN DEI EFFORTS

How would you describe your organization/agency/county level of CLC engagement in diversity, equity, and inclusion (DEI) work?

Selection: Check All That Apply



What is an Accomplice?



### Actor

The actions of an Actor do not disrupt the status quo, much the same as a spectator at a game. Both have only a nominal effect in shifting an overall outcome. Such systems are challenged when actors shift or couple their actions with those from Allies and/or Accomplices.

The actions of an Actor do not explicitly name or challenge the pillars of White supremacy which is necessary for meaningful progress towards racial justice.

There is an excellent quote by Lilla Watson on need for Actors to shift to Accomplices: "If you have come here to help me, you're wasting your time. If you have come because your liberation is bound up with mine, then let us work together."

### Ally

Ally is typically considered a verb - one needs to act as an ally, and can not bestow this title to themselves.

The actions of an Ally have greater likelihood to challenge institutionalized racism, and White supremacy. An Ally is like a disrupter and educator in spaces dominated by Whiteness.

An Ally might find themselves at a social gathering in which something inappropriate is being talked about. Instead of allowing that space to incubate Whiteness, the Ally wisely disrupts the conversation, and takes the opportunity to educate those present.

Being an Ally is not an invitation to be in Black and Brown spaces to gain brownie points, lead, take over, or explain.

Allies constantly educate themselves, and do not take breaks.

Franchesca Ramsey's Video: 5 Ways of Being an Ally

### Accomplice

The actions of an Accomplice are meant to directly challenge institutionalized racism, colonization, and White supremacy by blocking or impeding racist people, policies, and structures.

Realizing that our freedoms and liberations are bound together, retreat or withdrawal in the face of oppressive structures is not an option.

Accomplices' actions are informed by, directed and often coordinated with leaders who are Black, Brown First Nations/Indigenous Peoples, and/or People of Color.

Accomplices actively listen with respect, and understand that oppressed people are not monolithic in their tactics and beliefs.

Accomplices aren't motivated by personal guilt or shame. They are not emotionally fragile.

Accomplices build trust through consent and being accountable - this means not acting in isolation where there is no accountability.

### Anti-Racism

The active process of identifying and eliminating racism by changing systems, organizational structures, policies and practices, and attitudes so that power is redistributed and shared equitably.



### Continuum on Becoming an Anti-Racist Multicultural Organization

#### MONOCULTURAL ==> MULTICULTURAL ==> ANTI-RACIST ==> ANTI-RACIST MULTICULTURAL

Racial and Cultural Differences Seen as Deficits ==> Tolerant of Racial and Cultural Differences ==> Racial and Cultural Differences Seen as Assets

Racial and Cultural Differences Seen as Deficits ==> Tolerant of Racial and Cultural Differences ==> Racial and Cultural Differences Seen as Assets									
Exclusive  An Exclusionary	2. Passiv A "Club'	" A C	nbolic Change	•	4. Identity Change  An Affirming	5	5. Structural Change  A Transforming		6. Fully Inclusive nti-Racist Multicultural Organization in a Fransformed Society
Institution  Intentionally and publicly excludes or segregates African Americans, Native Americans, Latinos, a Asian Americans  Intentionally and publicly enforces the racist status quo throughout institution  Institutionalization of racism includes form policies and practices teachings, and decisic making on all levels  Usually has similar intentional policies and practices toward othe socially oppressed groups such as wome gays and lesbians, The World citizens, etc.  Openly maintains the dominant group's por and privilege	allowed in with perspective and credentials.  May still secree exclude People in contradiction policies  Continues to intentionally may white power and privilege through formal policies practices, teach decision making levels of instituted.  Often declares don't have a promotion of the decl	imited den' or and other groups in "proper" d sep of Color in to public recruit color" office maintain and hings, and ag on all uttional life, "We roblem." occedures alture "righ" as usual" s of ocial club as and mfort  minited waves pronour regard divers sees it racist" open of Color color color color inclusive recruit color" office  Expan divers sociall groups  "Not to waves  Little change policie makin  Is still of con privile and color con grivile and color con staff passimi	institution with doors to People of es out intentional siveness efforts, ting "someone of or committees or staff ending view of sity includes other ly oppressed se and decision or no contextual te in culture, es, and decision eg a relatively unaware entinuing patterns of ege, paternalism		Growing understanding of racism as barrier to effective diversity Develops analysis of systemic racism Sponsors programs of anti-racism training New consciousness of institutionalized white power and privilege Develops intentional identity as an "anti-racist" institution Begins to develop accountability to racially oppressed communities Increasing commitment to dismantle racism and eliminate inherent white advantage Actively recruits and promotes members of groups have been historically denied access and opportunity  But  Institutional structures and culture that maintain white power and privilege still intact and relatively untouched	•	Institution  Commits to process of intentional institutional restructuring, based upon anti-racist analysis and identity  Audits and restructures all aspects of institutional life to ensure full participation of People of Color, including their worldview, culture and lifestyles  Implements structures, policies and practices with inclusive decision making and other forms of power sharing on all levels of the institutions life and work  Commits to struggle to dismantle racism in the wider community, and builds clear lines of accountability to racially oppressed communities  Anti-racist multicultural diversity becomes an institutionalized asset  Redefines and rebuilds all relationships and activities in society, based on anti-racist commitments	•	Future vision of an institution and wider community that has overcome systemic racism and all other forms of oppression.  Institution's life reflects full participation and shared power with diverse racial, cultural and economic groups in determining its mission, structure, constituency, policies and practices  Members across all identity groups are full participants in decisions that shape the institution, and inclusion of diverse cultures, lifestyles, and interest  A sense of restored community and mutual caring  Allies with others in combating all forms of social oppression  Actively works in larger communities (regional, national, global) to eliminate all forms of oppression and to create multicultural organizations.

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How do your policies and practice's increase disadvantage among groups with intersecting marginalized identities?

How can your institutions work together to increase equity for groups with intersecting marginalized identities?

## Next Steps

- What self work can you do to increase your own consciousness and allyship?
- How can you interrupt interpersonal and institutional bias?
- What barriers do you face in your development as an ally and accomplice?
- How can you influence institutional change and growth?



## Time for Q&A

Thank You!!

Sharon GE Washington, Ed.D., MPH

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